



EOMAP

# REMOTE SENSING APPLICABILITY TO UNDERSTAND COMPLEX COASTAL DYNAMICS

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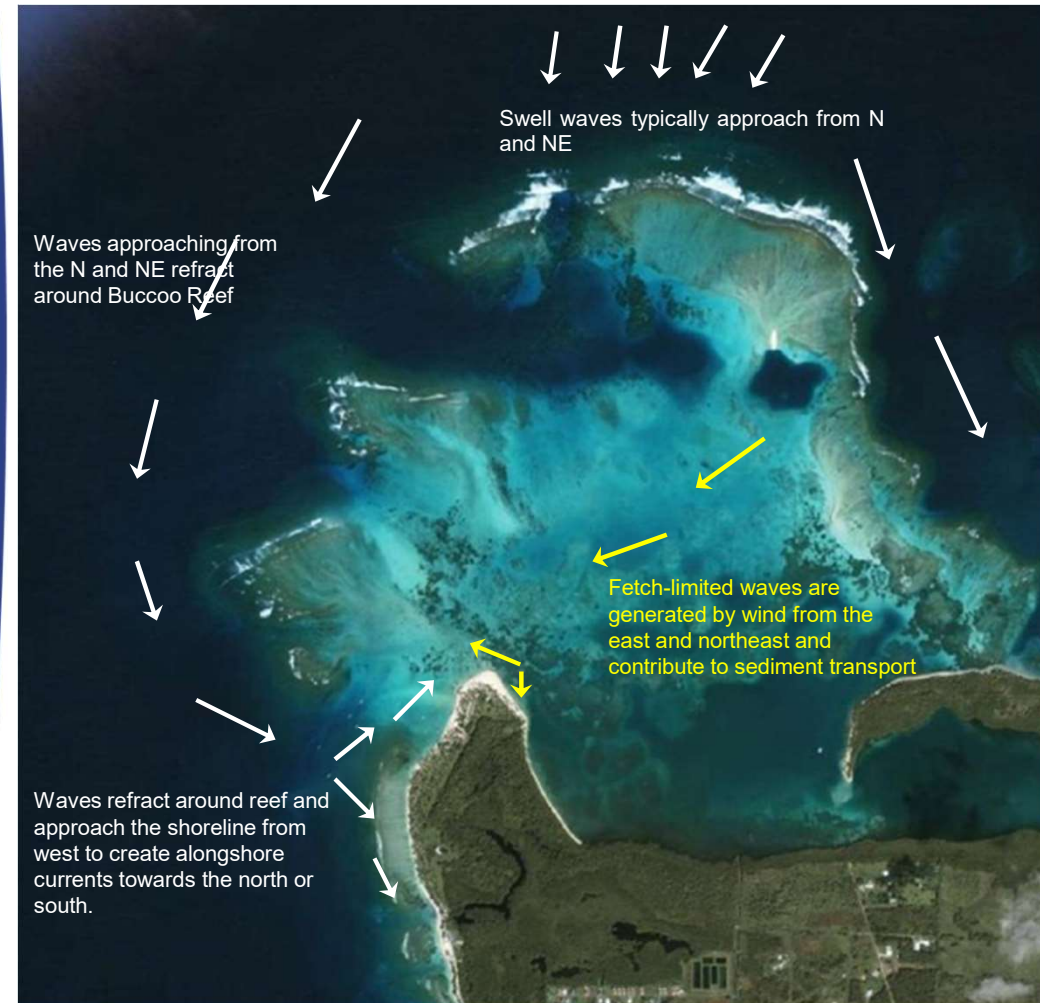
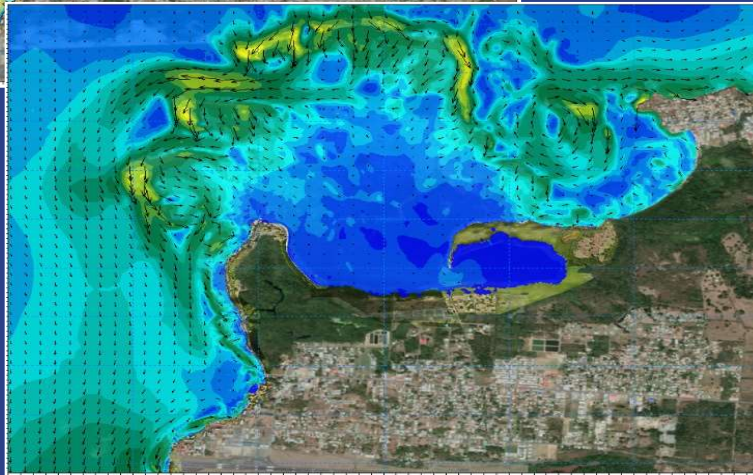
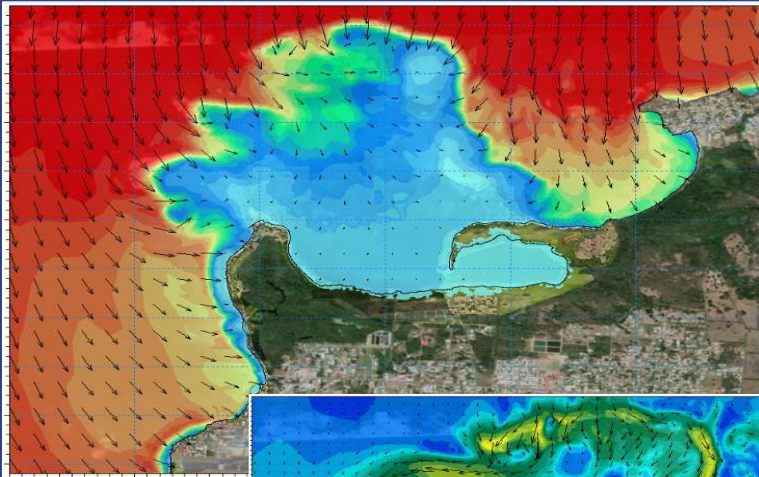
2022-10 -04

# Project Site



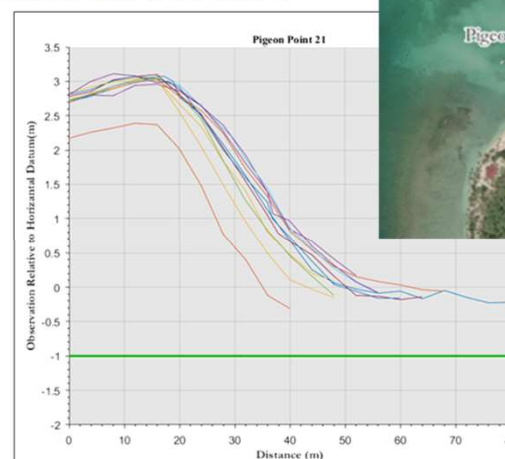
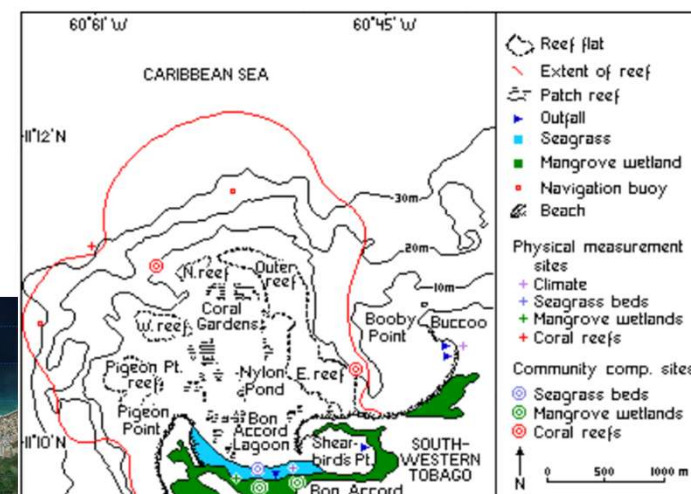


## Complexity of Site



# Data constraints

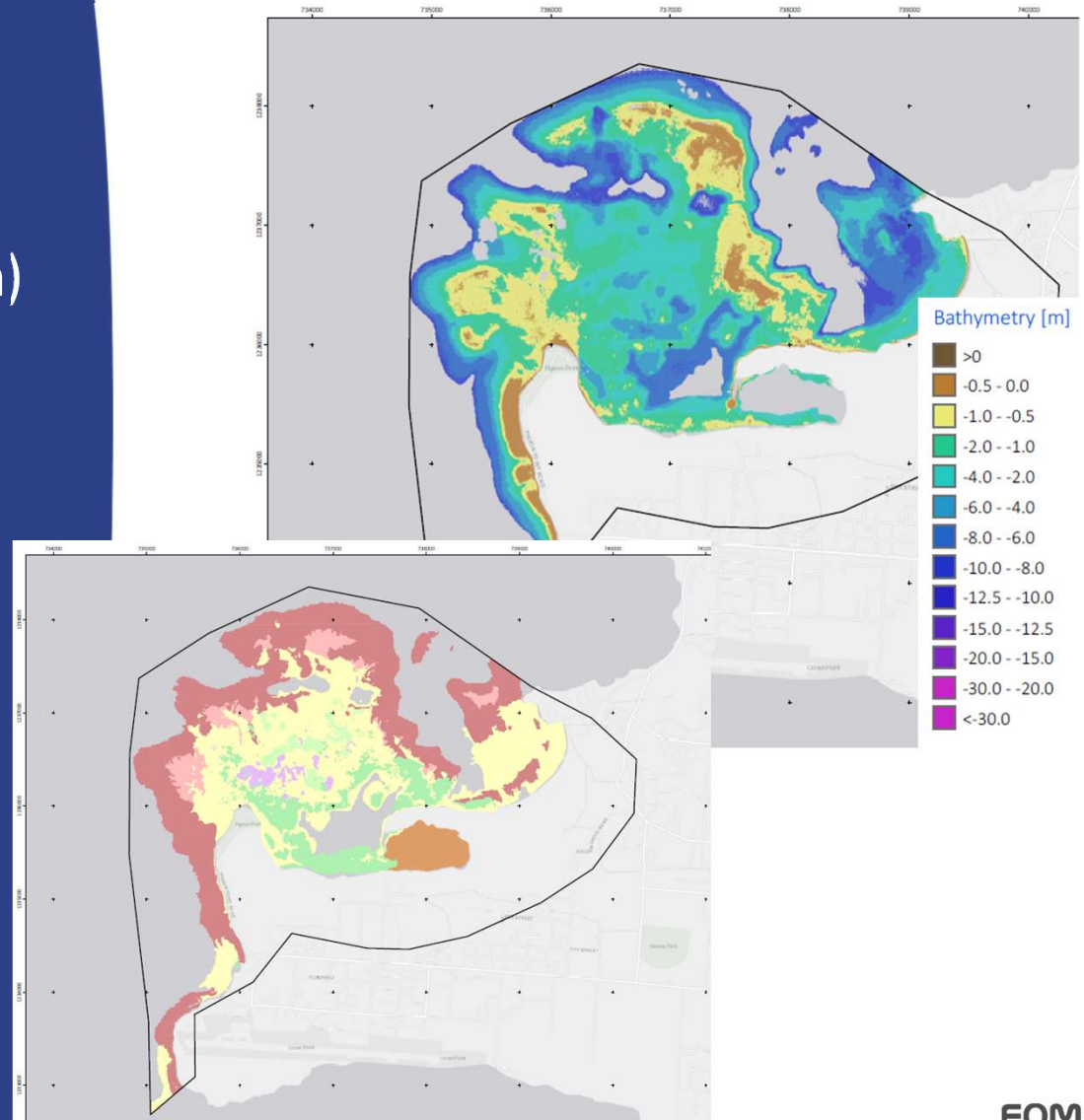
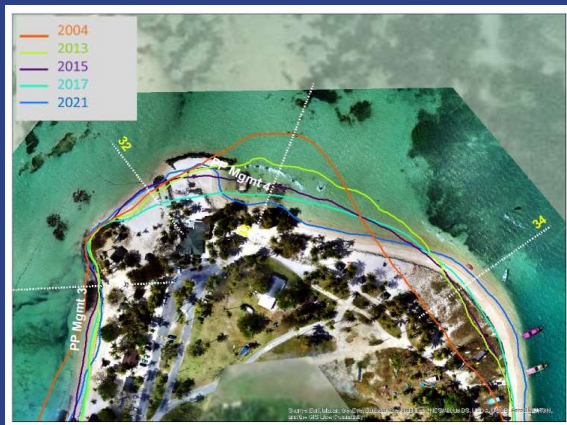
- Sparse existing bathymetric data
  - Some offshore data
  - Limited transects in deeper waters
  - No bathymetry of reef
- Some beach profiles
  - Profiles from upper beach to - 0.5 m only
- No spatial benthic mapping
  - Qualitative descriptions of reef condition





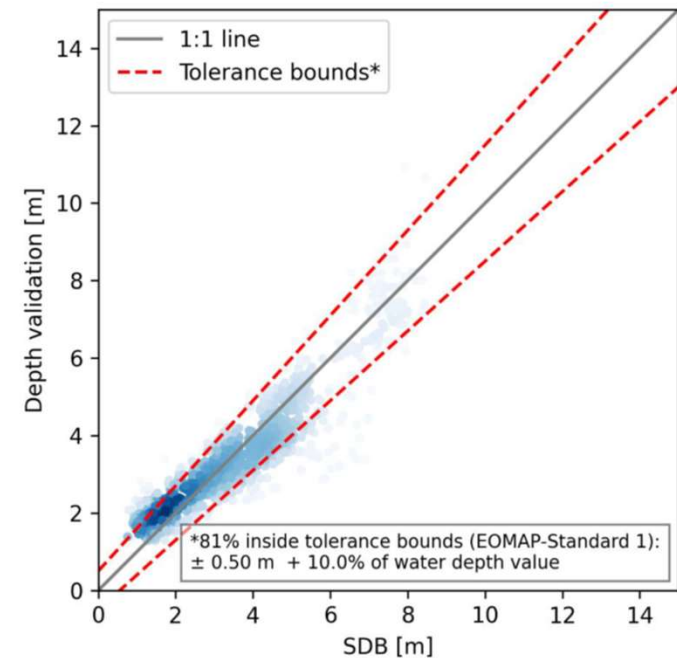
## EOMAP data

- Satellite derived bathymetry (2m)
  - 2004, 2013, 2015, 2017, 2021
- Sea Floor classification
  - 2004, 2021
- Shoreline mapping
  - 2004, 2013, 2015, 2017, 2021



## SDB Check

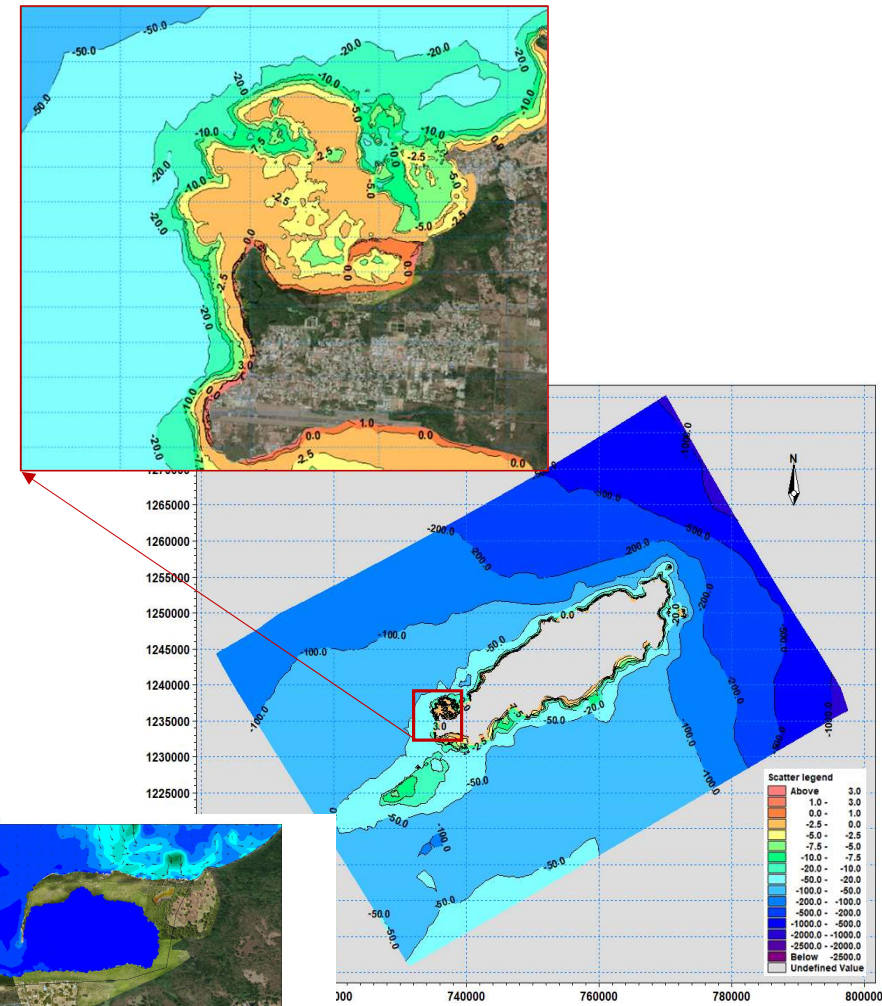
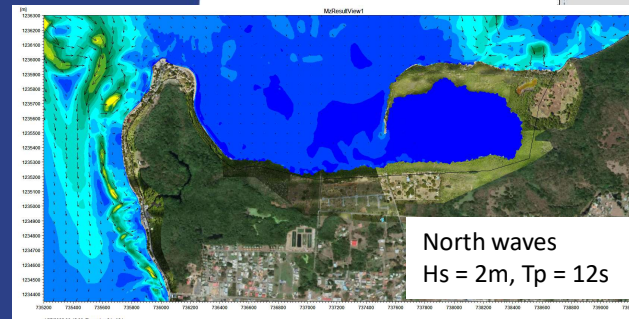
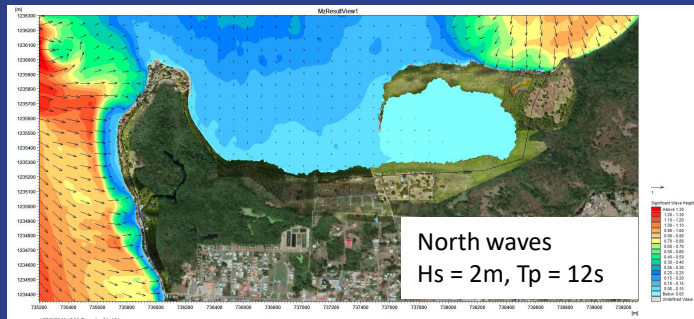
- Check against NASA's IceSAT-2 Atlas database
- 81% of the SDB data being within  $\pm 0.5\text{m} + 10\%$
- 96% within  $\pm 1\text{m} + 10\%$





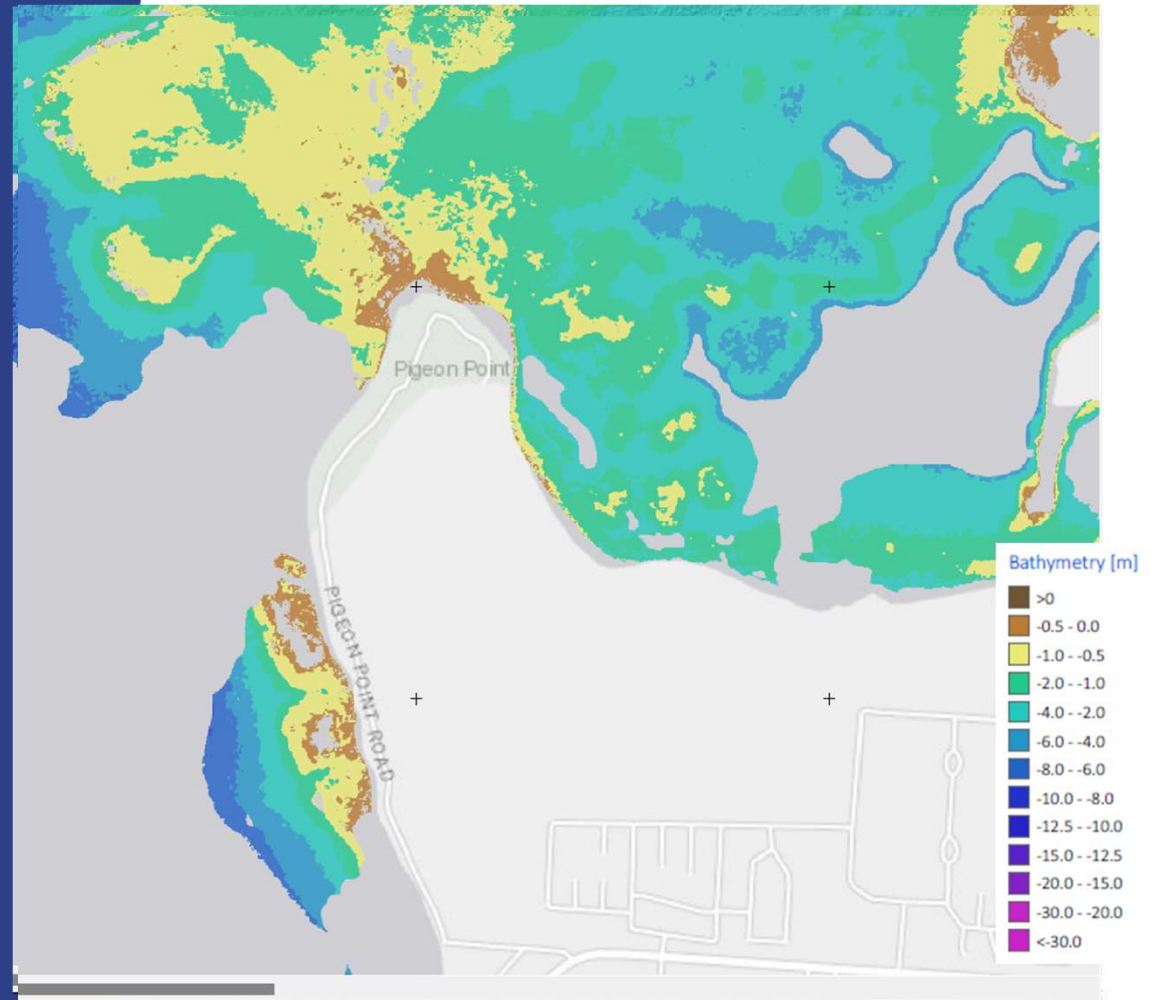
# Modelling

- Comprehensive bathymetric mapping
- Modelling of waves, currents, sediment transport



## SDB “Time travel data”

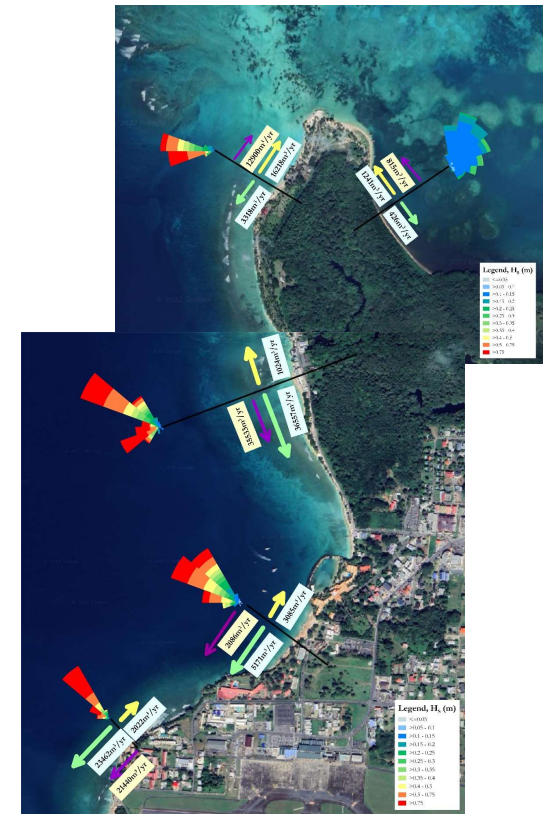
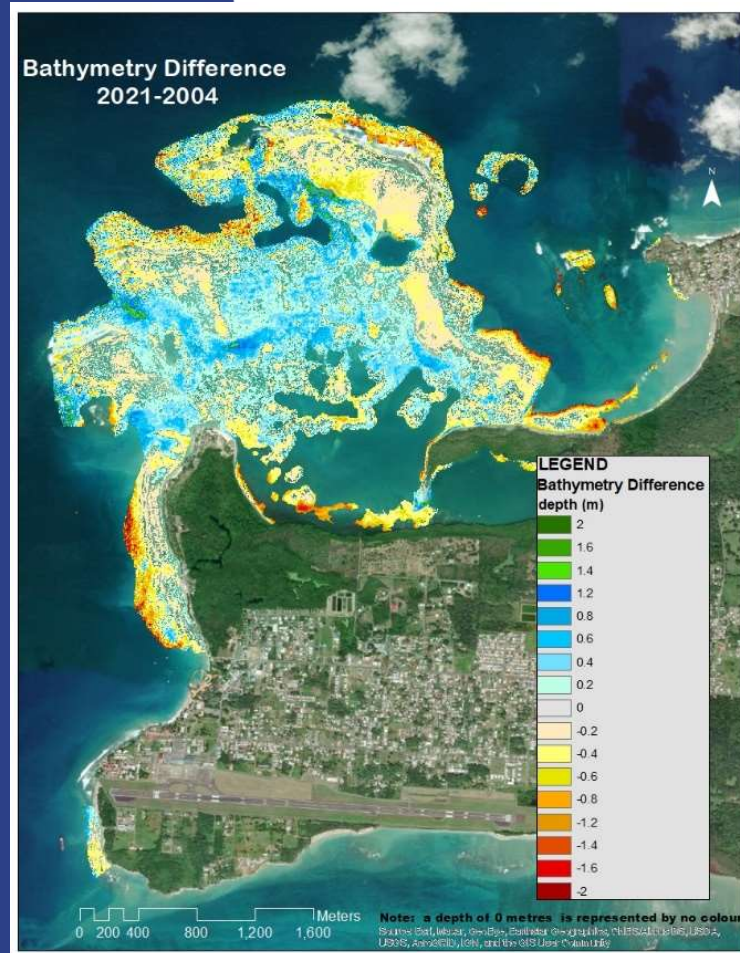
- Historical evolution of seabed features
- Demonstration of formation of key shoreline features





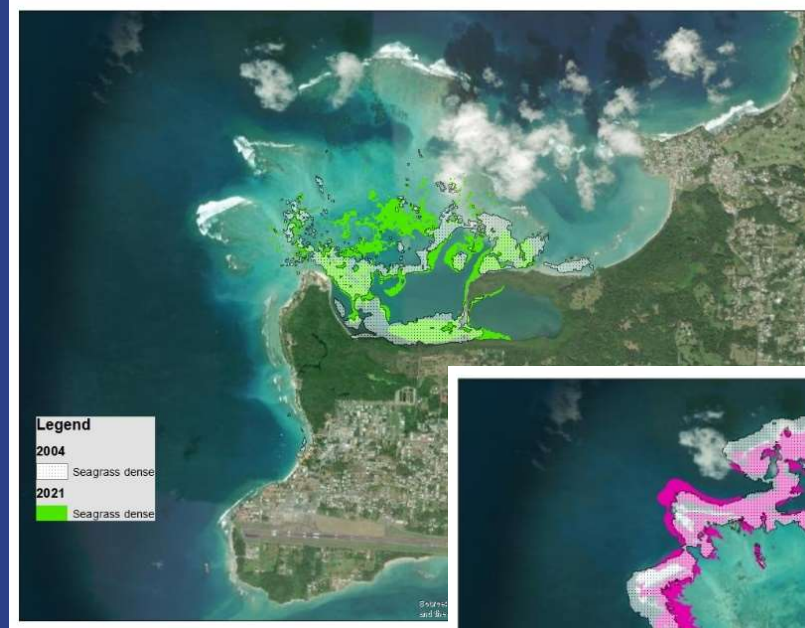
# SDB Difference plots

- Better understanding of spatial & temporal movement of sandbeds
- Volumetric analysis
- Sediment budget



## SFC Difference plots

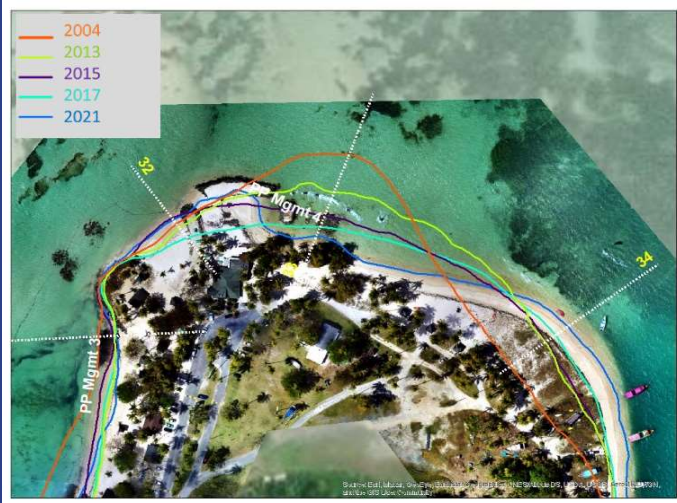
- Identification of sensitive habitat areas
- Ability to track changes
- Significant (29%) decrease in coral cover 2004-2021
- Seagrass coverage area stable, BUT meadow locations have migrated





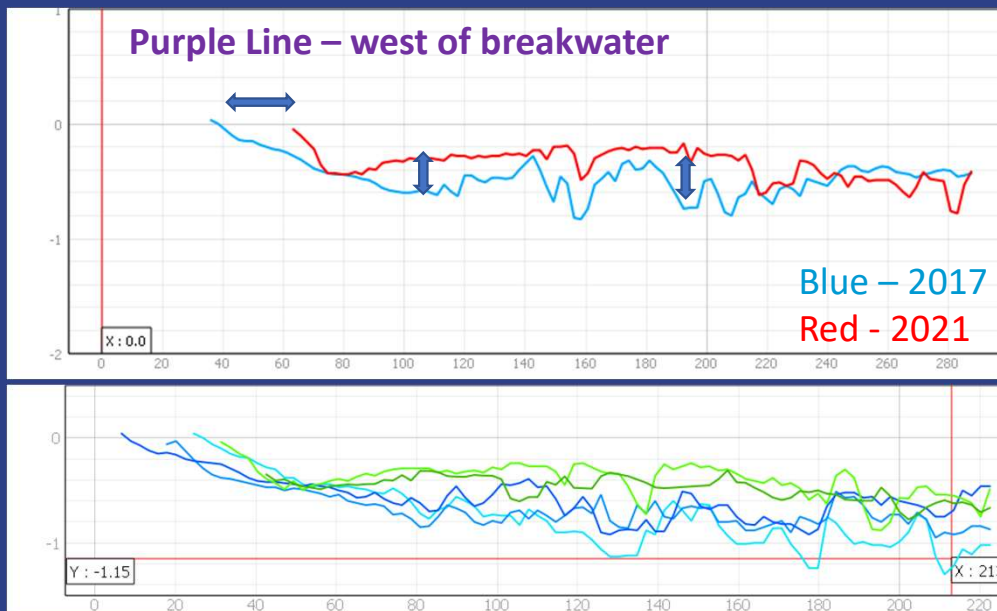
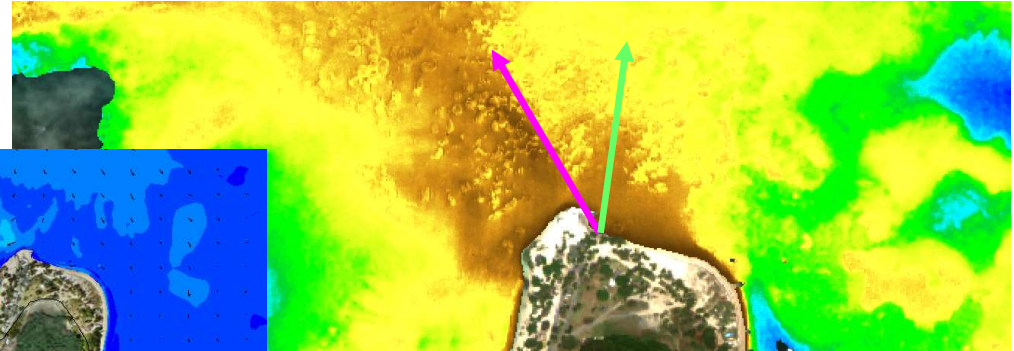
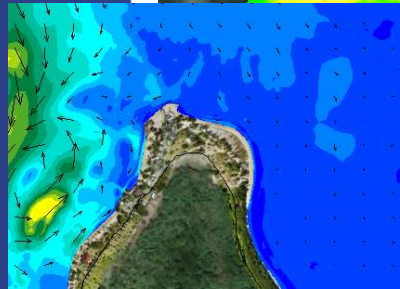
# Understand structure impacts

- Structure built in 2020 with no feasibility assessment completed
- Highly dynamic shoreline
- Immediate shoreline reaction



# Understand structure impacts

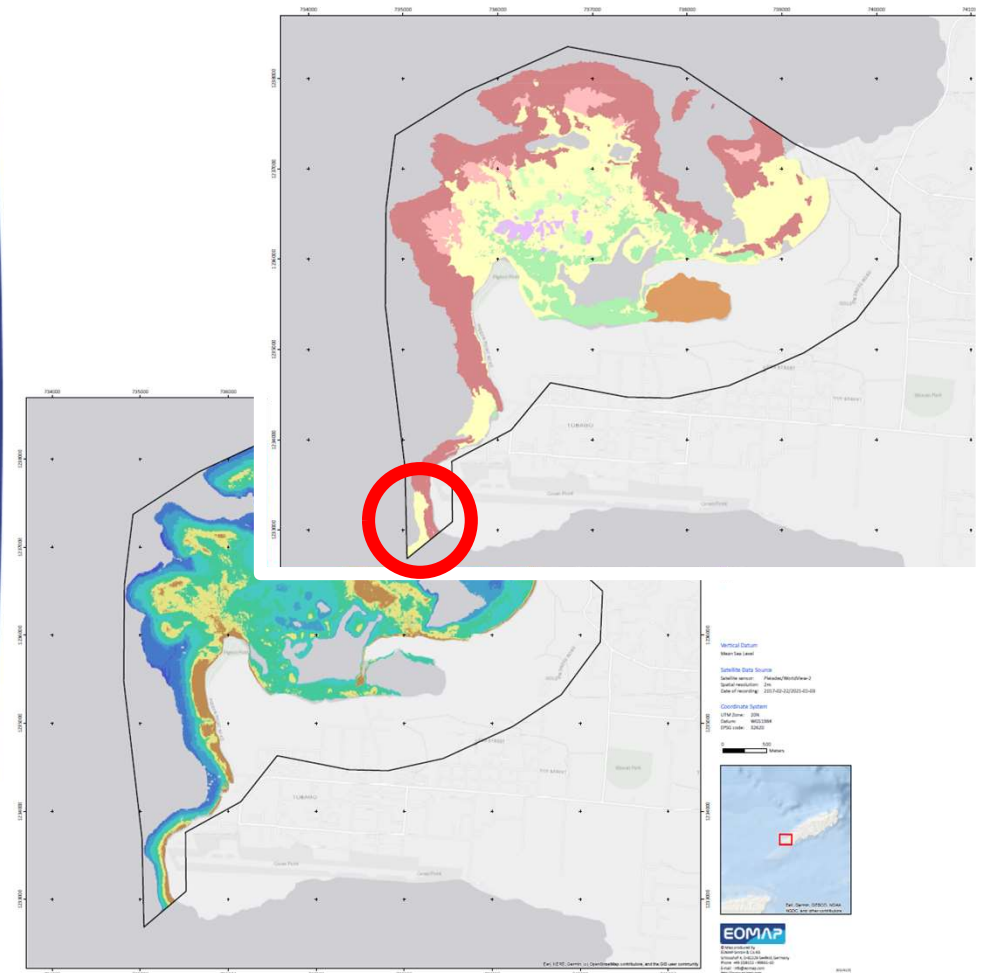
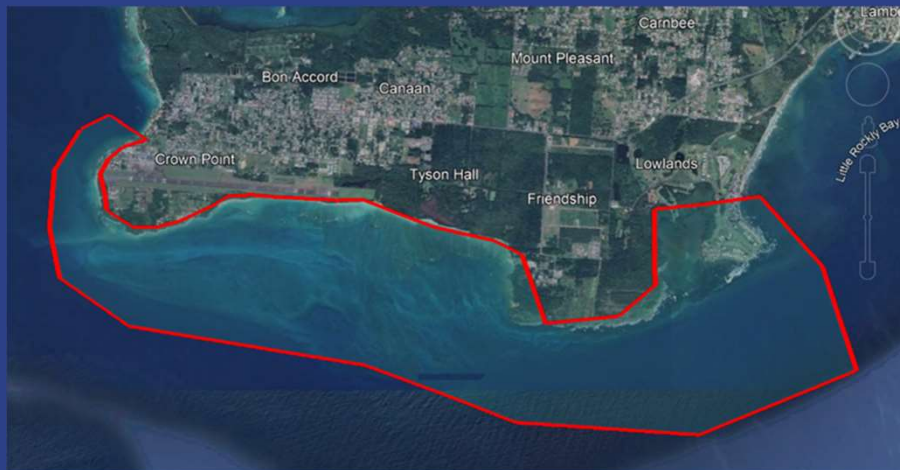
- Demonstration of effects of structure
  - Accretion on updrift side
  - Erosion on downdrift side
- Justification for sound decision making



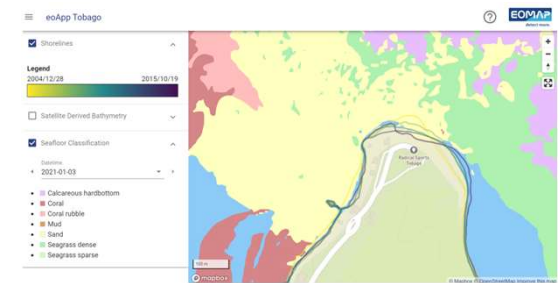
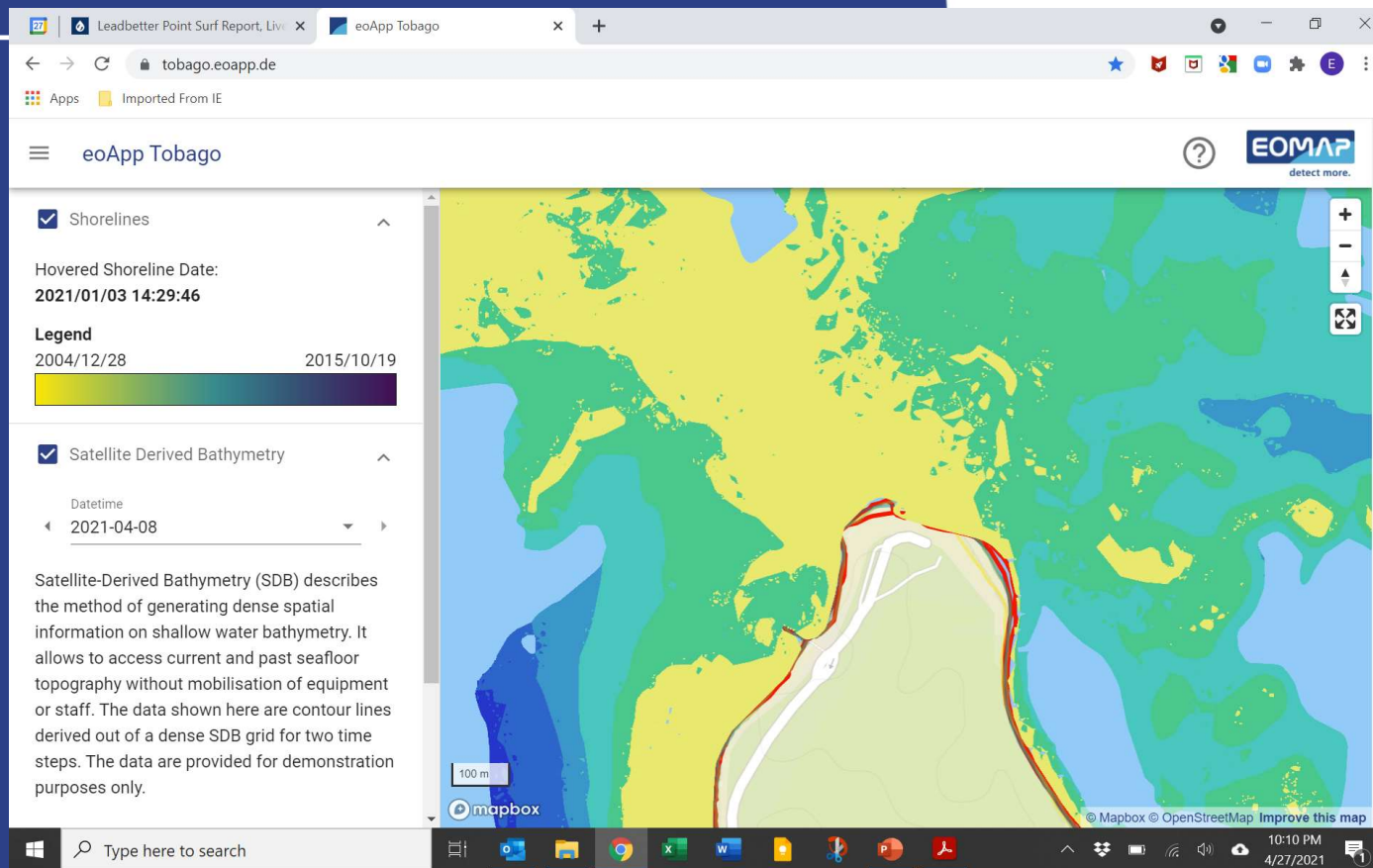


## Added benefits

- SDB and SFC combined
  - Identify potential borrow areas for beach nourishment



# Webapp convenience



Webapp available at: <https://www.tobago.eoapp.de/>

## Summary of benefits

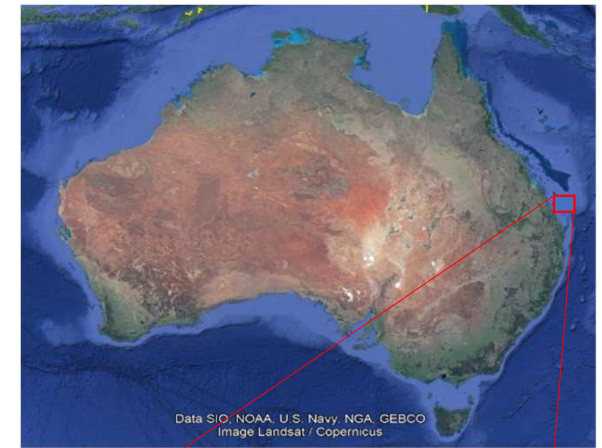
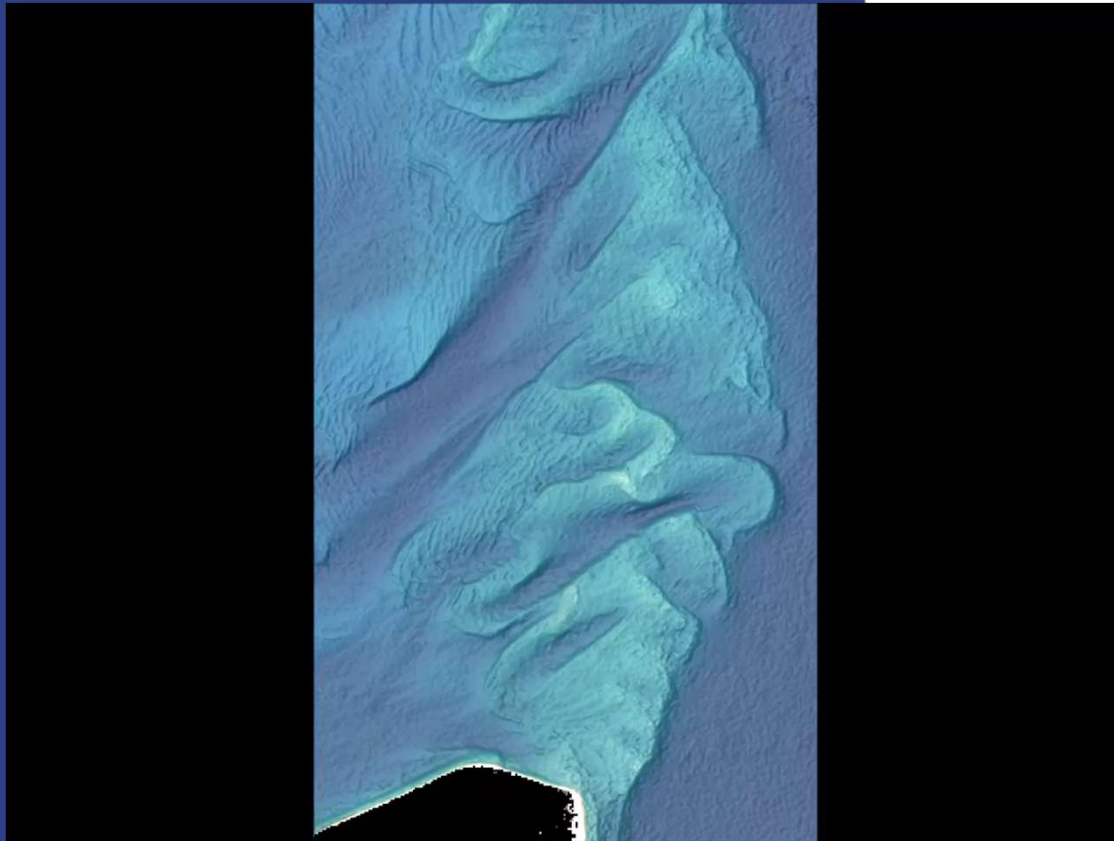
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- Better data = improved modelling
- Minimize nearshore “guesswork”
- Understanding of coastline formation / coastal dynamics
- Quantification
  - Volumetric changes
  - Sediment budget
- Sand sourcing
- Webapp allows for a mechanism to showcase data
  - Convenient, accessible data storage
  - Transparency
  - Public relations
  - Project awareness





# Really dynamic seabed application



EOMAP

# Thank you!



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**Internet:** [eomap.com](http://eomap.com)





# WHO IS EOMAP?



Private high-tech company



Focusing on satellite data analytics and software solutions



Specialised on aquatic environments



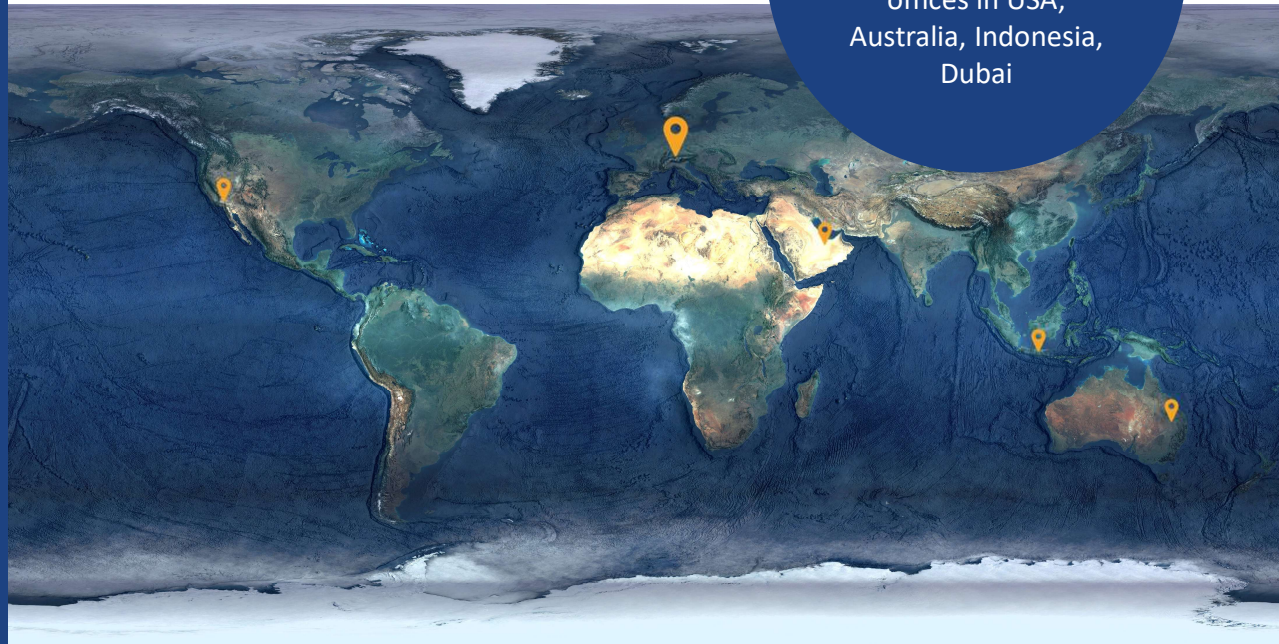
International team of +30 employees



Serving engineering companies, governments, inter-governmental organizations and academia



HQ in Germany with  
offices in USA,  
Australia, Indonesia,  
Dubai





## OUR CLIENTS AND PARTNERS

- Hydrographic Offices, Government agencies and Defence (UNESCO, ESA)
- Environmental organisations and water agencies (IHA, WHO)
- Port management authorities and dredging operators (VanOord)
- Coastal engineering and offshore industries (Fugro)
- Funding institutions, academia and NGOs (Horizon Europe)
- Satellite operators (Maxar, Planet, Airbus)

